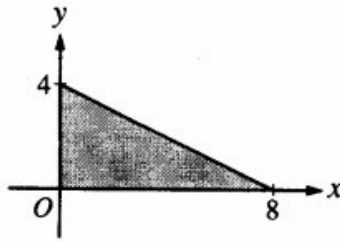


Complete all the following on notebook paper.

\_\_\_\_\_ 1.



The base of a solid is a region in the first quadrant bounded by the  $x$ -axis, the  $y$ -axis, and the line  $x + 2y = 8$ , as shown in the figure above. If cross sections of the solid perpendicular to the  $x$ -axis are semicircles, what is the volume of the solid?

- (A) 12.566      (B) 14.661      (C) 16.755      (D) 67.021      (E) 134.041

\_\_\_\_\_ 2.

Which of the following is an equation of the line tangent to the graph of  $f(x) = x^4 + 2x^2$  at the point where  $f'(x) = 1$ ?

- (A)  $y = 8x - 5$   
 (B)  $y = x + 7$   
 (C)  $y = x + 0.763$   
 (D)  $y = x - 0.122$   
 (E)  $y = x - 2.146$

\_\_\_\_\_ 3.

Let  $F(x)$  be an antiderivative of  $\frac{(\ln x)^3}{x}$ . If  $F(1) = 0$ , then  $F(9) =$

- (A) 0.048      (B) 0.144      (C) 5.827      (D) 23.308      (E) 1,640.250

\_\_\_\_\_ 4.

If  $0 \leq k < \frac{\pi}{2}$  and the area under the curve  $y = \cos x$  from  $x = k$  to  $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$  is 0.1, then  $k =$

- (A) 1.471      (B) 1.414      (C) 1.277      (D) 1.120      (E) 0.436

5.

If the base  $b$  of a triangle is increasing at a rate of 3 inches per minute while its height  $h$  is decreasing at a rate of 3 inches per minute, which of the following must be true about the area  $A$  of the triangle?

- (A)  $A$  is always increasing.
- (B)  $A$  is always decreasing.
- (C)  $A$  is decreasing only when  $b < h$ .
- (D)  $A$  is decreasing only when  $b > h$ .
- (E)  $A$  remains constant.

6.

If  $g$  is a differentiable function such that  $g(x) < 0$  for all real numbers  $x$  and if

$$f'(x) = (x^2 - 4)g(x),$$
 which of the following is true?

- (A)  $f$  has a relative maximum at  $x = -2$  and a relative minimum at  $x = 2$ .
- (B)  $f$  has a relative minimum at  $x = -2$  and a relative maximum at  $x = 2$ .
- (C)  $f$  has relative minima at  $x = -2$  and at  $x = 2$ .
- (D)  $f$  has relative maxima at  $x = -2$  and at  $x = 2$ .
- (E) It cannot be determined if  $f$  has any relative extrema.

7.

Let  $f$  be a function that is differentiable on the open interval  $(1, 10)$ . If  $f(2) = -5$ ,  $f(5) = 5$ , and  $f(9) = -5$ , which of the following must be true?

- I.  $f$  has at least 2 zeros.
- II. The graph of  $f$  has at least one horizontal tangent.
- III. For some  $c$ ,  $2 < c < 5$ ,  $f(c) = 3$ .

- (A) None
- (B) I only
- (C) I and II only
- (D) I and III only
- (E) I, II, and III

8.

$x$	0	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0
$f(x)$	3	3	5	8	13

A table of values for a continuous function  $f$  is shown above. If four equal subintervals of  $[0, 2]$  are used, which of the following is the trapezoidal approximation of  $\int_0^2 f(x) dx$ ?

- (A) 8                      (B) 12                      (C) 16                      (D) 24                      (E) 32

9.

Which of the following are antiderivatives of  $f(x) = \sin x \cos x$ ?

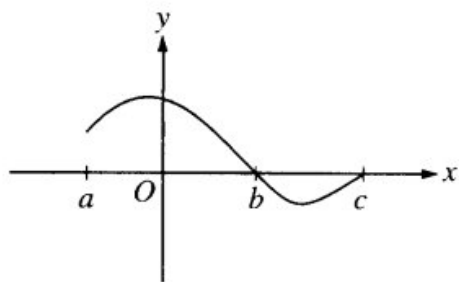
I.  $F(x) = \frac{\sin^2 x}{2}$

II.  $F(x) = \frac{\cos^2 x}{2}$

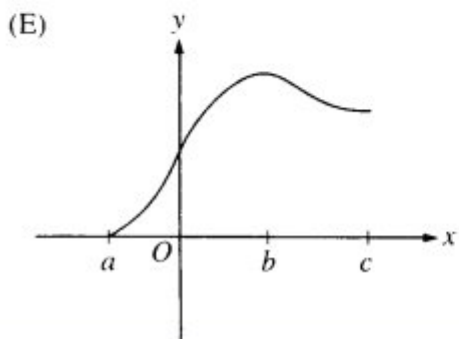
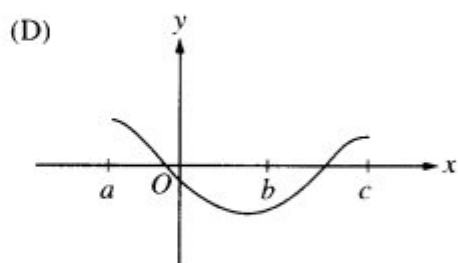
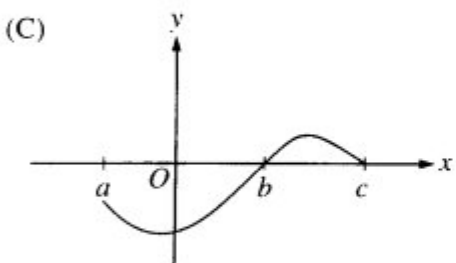
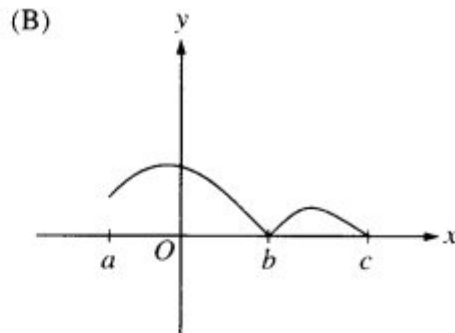
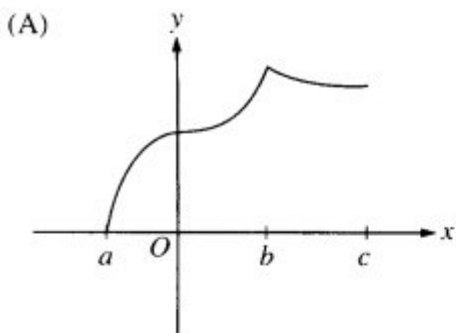
III.  $F(x) = \frac{-\cos(2x)}{4}$

- (A) I only  
(B) II only  
(C) III only  
(D) I and III only  
(E) II and III only

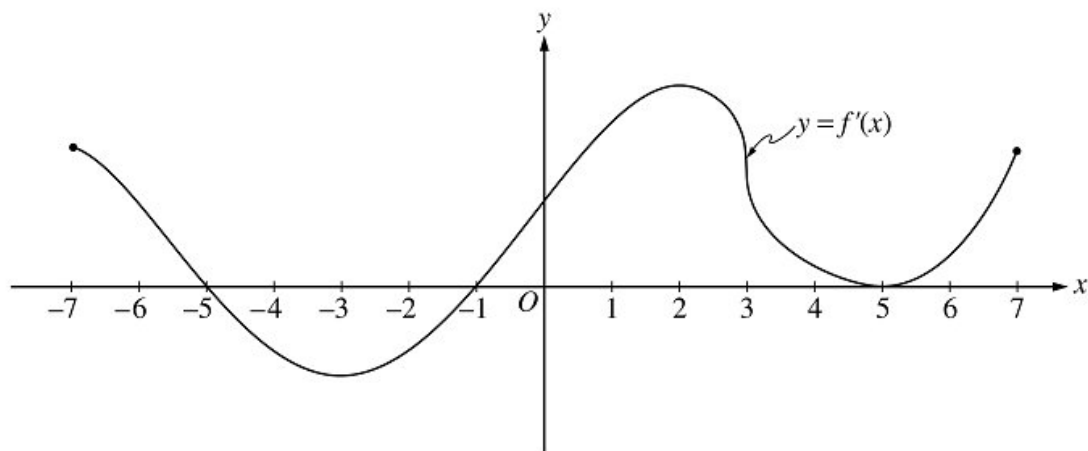
\_\_\_ 10.



Let  $f(x) = \int_a^x h(t) dt$ , where  $h$  has the graph shown above. Which of the following could be the graph of  $f$ ?



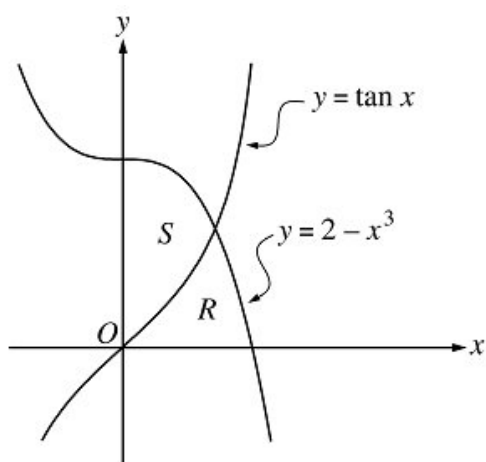
## 11. 2000—AB3



The figure above shows the graph of  $f'$ , the derivative of the function  $f$ , for  $-7 \leq x \leq 7$ . The graph of  $f'$  has horizontal tangent lines at  $x = -3$ ,  $x = 2$ , and  $x = 5$ , and a vertical tangent line at  $x = 3$ .

- Find all values of  $x$ , for  $-7 < x < 7$ , at which  $f$  attains a relative minimum. Justify your answer.
- Find all values of  $x$ , for  $-7 < x < 7$ , at which  $f$  attains a relative maximum. Justify your answer.
- Find all values of  $x$ , for  $-7 < x < 7$ , at which  $f''(x) < 0$ .
- At what value of  $x$ , for  $-7 \leq x \leq 7$ , does  $f$  attain its absolute maximum? Justify your answer.

## 12. 2001-AB1



Let  $R$  and  $S$  be the regions in the first quadrant shown in the figure above. The region  $R$  is bounded by the  $x$ -axis and the graphs of  $y = 2 - x^3$  and  $y = \tan x$ . The region  $S$  is bounded by the  $y$ -axis and the graphs of  $y = 2 - x^3$  and  $y = \tan x$ .

- Find the area of  $R$ .
- Find the area of  $S$ .
- Find the volume of the solid generated when  $S$  is revolved about the  $x$ -axis.