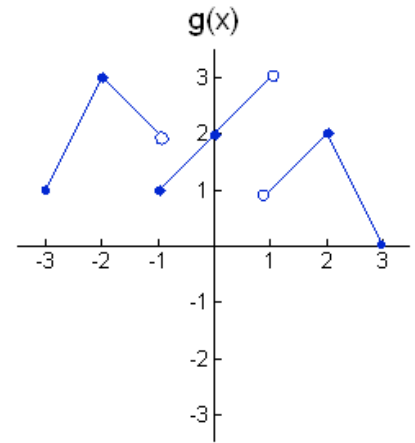


AP Calculus AB TEST: 1.1-1.4

No Calculator

Part I: Multiple Choice—write the CAPITAL LETTER in the blank to the left of the problem number.

Use the graph of the function $g(x)$ shown at right to answer question 1.



_____ 1. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} g(g(x)) + \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \sqrt{g(x)+6} + g(-1) =$

- (A) 6 (B) 5 (C) 4 (D) 3 (E) DNE

_____ 2. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} \frac{x^3 - 9x}{x^2 - x - 6} =$

- (A) DNE (B) 0 (C) $-\frac{3}{14}$ (D) $-\frac{18}{5}$ (E) $\frac{18}{5}$

_____ 3. If $2^{3x-1} \leq P(x) \leq x^3 + 2x + 1$, for all x in an interval containing $x = 1$, then $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} P(x) =$

- (A) DNE (B) 0 (C) 2 (D) 4 (E) not enough information is given

_____ 4. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-2x^7 + 7x^2 - 3x + 1}{\sqrt{4x^{14} + x^{12} + 2x^2 + 3x + 4}} =$

- (A) $-\infty$ (B) $-\frac{1}{2}$ (C) 1 (D) -1 (E) $\frac{1}{2}$

_____ 5. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -4^-} \frac{x^2 + 1}{x + 4} =$

- (A) $-\infty$ (B) ∞ (C) $\frac{17}{8}$ (D) 1 (E) $\frac{1}{4}$

_____ 6. If $f(x) = \begin{cases} \cos x, & x \neq \frac{7\pi}{6} \\ \frac{1}{2}, & x = \frac{7\pi}{6} \end{cases}$ Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{7\pi}{6}} f(x) =$

- (A) $\frac{1}{2}$ (B) $-\frac{1}{2}$ (C) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ (D) $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ (E) DNE

_____ 7. If $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = 5$, which of the following must be true?

- I. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x) = 5$ II. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = 5$ III. $f(0) = 5$
 (A) I only (B) II only (C) III only (D) I and II only (E) I, II, and III

_____ 8. Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} \frac{x^3 + 1}{x + 1} =$

- (A) DNE (B) 0 (C) 1 (D) -1 (E) 3

Part II: Free Response: Answer all questions in the rectangle provided for each problem. **Show all steps, use proper notation, and write legibly.**

9. For $f(x) = \begin{cases} \ln|x+2|, & x < -3 \\ \frac{x+3}{x-1}, & -3 \leq x < -1 \\ \frac{-2}{x}, & -1 \leq x < 1 \\ 1-3x, & 1 < x \leq 4 \\ \frac{1}{x} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}x\right), & x > 4 \end{cases}$, find the following.

(a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x) =$

(b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} f(x) =$

(c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) =$

(d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) =$

(e) Using the 3-step definition of continuity, discuss the continuity of $f(x)$ at $x=1$.

(f) Using the 3-step definition of continuity, discuss the continuity of $f(x)$ at $x=-3$.