

① $1 + \frac{\cot A}{\csc A} - \sin^2 A = \cos A(\cos A + 1)$ ② $\tan B + \cot B = \csc B \sec B$

$$1 - \sin^2 A + \frac{\cos A}{\sin A} \cdot \sin A$$

$$\cos^2 A + \cos A$$

$$\cos A(\cos A + 1)$$

- done

$$\frac{\sin B}{\cos B} + \frac{\cos B}{\sin B}$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 B + \cos^2 B}{\sin B \cos B}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin B \cos B}$$

$$\csc B \sec B$$

- done

③ $\frac{\cot \phi}{\sec \phi} = \csc \phi - \sin \phi$

$$\frac{1}{\sin \phi} - \frac{\sin \phi}{1}$$

$$\frac{1 - \sin^2 \phi}{\sin \phi}$$

$$\frac{\cos^2 \phi}{\sin \phi}$$

$$\frac{\cos \phi}{\sin \phi} \cdot \cos \phi$$

$$\cot \phi \cdot \frac{1}{\sec \phi}$$

$$\frac{\cot \phi}{\sec \phi} \text{ - done}$$

④ $\frac{\sec \beta}{1 + \cos \beta} = \csc^2 \beta (\sec \beta - 1)$

$$\left(\frac{1 - \cos \beta}{1 - \cos \beta}\right) \frac{\sec \beta}{1 + \cos \beta}$$

$$\frac{\sec \beta - 1}{1 - \cos^2 \beta}$$

$$\frac{\sec \beta - 1}{\sin^2 \beta}$$

$$\csc^2 \beta (\sec \beta - 1) \text{ - done}$$

⑤ $(\tan \alpha - \sec \alpha)^2 = \frac{1 - \sin \alpha}{1 + \sin \alpha}$

$$\tan^2 \alpha - 2 \tan \alpha \sec \alpha + \sec^2 \alpha$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha} - 2 \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} \cdot \frac{1}{\cos \alpha} + \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha}$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 \alpha - 2 \sin \alpha + 1}{\cos^2 \alpha}$$

$$\frac{(\sin \alpha - 1)^2}{(1 - \sin^2 \alpha)}$$

$$\frac{-(1 - \sin \alpha)(-1)(1 - \sin \alpha)}{(1 - \sin \alpha)(1 + \sin \alpha)}$$

$$\frac{1 - \sin \alpha}{1 + \sin \alpha} \text{ - done}$$

⑥ $\sin^4 \psi - \cos^4 \psi = 1 - 2 \cos^2 \psi$

$$(\sin^2 \psi - \cos^2 \psi)(\sin^2 \psi + \cos^2 \psi)$$

$$(\sin^2 \psi - \cos^2 \psi)(1)$$

$$(1 - \cos^2 \psi) - \cos^2 \psi$$

$$1 - 2 \cos^2 \psi$$

- done

$$\textcircled{7} \frac{\sec^4 \theta - 2\sec^2 \theta \tan^2 \theta + \tan^4 \theta}{(\sec^2 \theta - \tan^2 \theta)^2} = 1$$

$$\frac{((1 + \tan^2 \theta) - \tan^2 \theta)^2}{1^2} = 1$$

- done

$$\textcircled{8} \frac{\sqrt[3]{\tan^2 x - \sec^2 x}}{\sqrt[3]{\tan^2 x - (1 + \tan^2 x)}} = -1$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\tan^2 x - 1 - \tan^2 x}}{\sqrt[3]{-1}} = -1$$

- done

$$\textcircled{9} \frac{1}{\csc y + \cot y} = \frac{1 - \cos y}{\sin y}$$

$$\frac{1}{\frac{1}{\sin y} + \frac{\cos y}{\sin y}} = \frac{1 - \cos y}{\sin y}$$

$$\frac{1}{\frac{1 + \cos y}{\sin y}} = \frac{1 - \cos y}{\sin y}$$

$$\left(\frac{1 - \cos y}{1 - \cos y}\right) \frac{\sin y}{1 + \cos y} = \frac{1 - \cos y}{\sin y}$$

$$\frac{\sin y (1 - \cos y)}{1 - \cos^2 y} = \frac{1 - \cos y}{\sin y}$$

$$\frac{\sin y (1 - \cos y)}{\sin y (1 - \cos y)} = \frac{1 - \cos y}{\sin y}$$

- done

$$\textcircled{10} \frac{(\sec x + \tan x)^3 (\sec x - \tan x)^4}{[(\sec x + \tan x)(\sec x - \tan x)]^3 (\sec x - \tan x)} = \frac{1 - \sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$\frac{(\sec^2 x - \tan^2 x)^3 \left(\frac{1}{\cos x} - \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}\right)}{(1^3) \left(\frac{1 - \sin x}{\cos x}\right)} = \frac{1 - \sin x}{\cos x}$$

- done

$$\textcircled{12} \frac{\sec w}{\sin w} - \frac{\sin w}{\cos w} = \cot w$$

$$\frac{\cos w \sec w - \sin^2 w}{\sin w \cos w} = \cot w$$

$$\frac{1 - \sin^2 w}{\sin w \cos w} = \cot w$$

$$\frac{\cos^2 w}{\sin w \cos w} = \cot w$$

$$\frac{\cos w}{\sin w} = \cot w$$

- done

$$\textcircled{11} \frac{\sin k - 1}{\cos k} = \frac{\tan k - \sec k}{\frac{\sin k}{\cos k} - \frac{1}{\cos k}}$$

$$\frac{\sin k - 1}{\cos k} = \frac{\sin k - 1}{\cos k}$$

- done

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{13} \quad \frac{\sec x}{1 + \cos x} &= \csc^2 x (\sec x - 1) \\ \left(\frac{1 - \cos x}{1 - \cos x} \right) \left(\frac{\sec x}{1 + \cos x} \right) & \\ \frac{\sec x - 1}{1 - \cos^2 x} & \\ \frac{\sec x - 1}{\sin^2 x} & \\ \csc^2 x (\sec x - 1) & \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{14} \quad \tan x - 1 &= \frac{\sec x - \csc x}{\csc x} \\ \frac{\sec x}{\csc x} - \frac{\csc x}{\csc x} & \\ \frac{1}{\cos x} \cdot \frac{\sin x}{1} - 1 & \\ \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} - 1 & \\ \tan x - 1 & \quad \text{- done} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{15} \quad \csc x (\sin x + \cos x) &= \cot x + 1 \\ \csc x \sin x + \csc x \cos x & \\ 1 + \frac{1}{\sin x} \cdot \cos x & \\ 1 + \cot x & \\ \cot x + 1 & \quad \text{- done} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{16} \quad \frac{\sin y + \tan y}{1 + \sec y} &= \sin y \\ \frac{\sin y + \frac{\sin y}{\cos y}}{1 + \frac{1}{\cos y}} \left(\frac{\cos y}{\cos y} \right) & \\ \frac{\sin y \cos y + \sin y}{\cos y + 1} & \\ \frac{\sin y (\cos y + 1)}{(\cos y + 1)} & \\ \sin y & \quad \text{- done} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{17} \quad \tan^2 x \sin^2 x &= \frac{\tan^2 x - \sin^2 x}{\frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x} - \sin^2 x} \\ \frac{\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x \sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x} & \\ \frac{\sin^2 x (1 - \cos^2 x)}{\cos^2 x} & \\ \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x} \cdot (\sin^2 x) & \\ \tan^2 x \sin^2 x & \quad \text{- done} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{18} \quad \frac{\cos x + 1}{\sin^3 x} &= \frac{\csc x}{1 - \cos x} \left(\frac{1 + \cos x}{1 + \cos x} \right) \\ \frac{(\cos x + 1) \left(\frac{1}{\sin x} \right)}{1 - \cos^2 x} & \\ \frac{(\cos x + 1) \left(\frac{1}{\sin x} \right)}{\sin^2 x} \left(\frac{\sin x}{\sin x} \right) & \\ \frac{\cos x + 1}{\sin^3 x} & \quad \text{- done} \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{19} \frac{\tan \Delta}{\sec \Delta} + \frac{\cot \Delta}{\csc \Delta} = \sin \Delta + \cos \Delta$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sin \Delta}{\cos \Delta}}{\frac{1}{\cos \Delta}} + \frac{\frac{\cos \Delta}{\sin \Delta}}{\frac{1}{\sin \Delta}} = \sin \Delta + \cos \Delta$$

$$\frac{\sin \Delta}{1} + \frac{\cos \Delta}{1} = \sin \Delta + \cos \Delta \quad - \text{done}$$

$$\textcircled{20} \frac{\sin x - \cos x}{\sin x + \cos x} = \frac{2\sin^2 x - 1}{1 + 2\sin x \cos x}$$

$$\frac{(\sin x + \cos x)(\sin x - \cos x)}{(\sin x + \cos x)(\sin x + \cos x)} = \frac{\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x + 2\sin x \cos x + \cos^2 x}$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x + 2\sin x \cos x + \cos^2 x} = \frac{\sin^2 x - (1 - \sin^2 x)}{1 + 2\sin x \cos x}$$

$$\frac{2\sin^2 x - 1}{1 + 2\sin x \cos x} \quad - \text{done}$$

$$\textcircled{21} (\sin x + \cos x)^2 \tan x = \tan x + 2\sin^2 x$$

$$(\sin^2 x + 2\sin x \cos x + \cos^2 x) \tan x = \tan x + 2\sin^2 x$$

$$(1 + 2\sin x \cos x) \tan x = \tan x + 2\sin^2 x$$

$$\tan x + 2\sin x \cos x \tan x = \tan x + 2\sin^2 x$$

$$\tan x + 2\sin x \cos x \left(\frac{\sin x}{\cos x}\right) = \tan x + 2\sin^2 x \quad - \text{done}$$

$$\textcircled{22} \frac{\csc^2 P - 1}{\csc P + 1} = \frac{1}{\sin P} - 1$$

$$\frac{(\csc P - 1)(\csc P + 1)}{(\csc P + 1)} = \frac{1}{\sin P} - 1$$

$$\csc P - 1 = \frac{1}{\sin P} - 1 \quad - \text{done}$$

$$\textcircled{23} \frac{\sec^2 x - 6\tan x + 7}{\sec^2 x - 5} = \frac{\tan x - 4}{\tan x + 2}$$

$$\frac{1 + \tan^2 x - 6\tan x + 7}{1 + \tan^2 x - 5} = \frac{\tan x - 4}{\tan x + 2}$$

$$\frac{\tan^2 x - 6\tan x + 8}{\tan^2 x - 4} = \frac{\tan x - 4}{\tan x + 2}$$

$$\frac{(\tan x - 4)(\tan x - 2)}{(\tan x + 2)(\tan x - 2)} = \frac{\tan x - 4}{\tan x + 2} \quad - \text{done}$$