

## Review 01, No Calculator

Complete all the following on notebook paper.

\_\_\_\_\_ 1.

Which of the following defines a function  $f$  for which  $f(-x) = -f(x)$ ?

- (A)  $f(x) = x^2$                       (B)  $f(x) = \sin x$                       (C)  $f(x) = \cos x$   
(D)  $f(x) = \log x$                       (E)  $f(x) = e^x$

\_\_\_\_\_ 2.

$\ln(x-2) < 0$  if and only if

- (A)  $x < 3$                       (B)  $0 < x < 3$                       (C)  $2 < x < 3$   
(D)  $x > 2$                       (E)  $x > 3$

\_\_\_\_\_ 3.

If  $\begin{cases} f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{2x+5} - \sqrt{x+7}}{x-2}, & \text{for } x \neq 2, \\ f(2) = k \end{cases}$  and if  $f$  is continuous at  $x = 2$ , then  $k =$

- (A) 0                      (B)  $\frac{1}{6}$                       (C)  $\frac{1}{3}$                       (D) 1                      (E)  $\frac{7}{5}$

\_\_\_\_\_ 4.

$$\int_0^8 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1+x}} =$$

- (A) 1                      (B)  $\frac{3}{2}$                       (C) 2                      (D) 4                      (E) 6

\_\_\_\_\_ 5.

If  $3x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = 2$ , then the value of  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  at  $x = 1$  is

- (A) -2                      (B) 0                      (C) 2                      (D) 4                      (E) not defined

\_\_\_\_\_ 6.

What is  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{8\left(\frac{1}{2}+h\right)^8 - 8\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^8}{h}$ ?

- (A) 0            (B)  $\frac{1}{2}$             (C) 1            (D) The limit does not exist.  
(E) It cannot be determined from the information given.

\_\_\_\_\_ 7.

For what value of  $k$  will  $x + \frac{k}{x}$  have a relative maximum at  $x = -2$ ?

- (A) -4            (B) -2            (C) 2            (D) 4            (E) None of these

\_\_\_\_\_ 8.

If  $p(x) = (x+2)(x+k)$  and if the remainder is 12 when  $p(x)$  is divided by  $x-1$ , then  $k =$

- (A) 2            (B) 3            (C) 6            (D) 11            (E) 13

\_\_\_\_\_ 9.

When the area in square units of an expanding circle is increasing twice as fast as its radius in linear units, the radius is

- (A)  $\frac{1}{4\pi}$             (B)  $\frac{1}{4}$             (C)  $\frac{1}{\pi}$             (D) 1            (E)  $\pi$

\_\_\_\_\_ 10.

The set of all points  $(e^t, t)$ , where  $t$  is a real number, is the graph of  $y =$

- (A)  $\frac{1}{e^x}$             (B)  $e^x$             (C)  $xe^x$             (D)  $\frac{1}{\ln x}$             (E)  $\ln x$

## 11. 2000—AB4

Water is pumped into an underground tank at a constant rate of 8 gallons per minute. Water leaks out of the tank at the rate of  $\sqrt{t+1}$  gallons per minute, for  $0 \leq t \leq 120$  minutes. At time  $t = 0$ , the tank contains 30 gallons of water.

- (a) How many gallons of water leak out of the tank from time  $t = 0$  to  $t = 3$  minutes?
- (b) How many gallons of water are in the tank at time  $t = 3$  minutes?
- (c) Write an expression for  $A(t)$ , the total number of gallons of water in the tank at time  $t$ .
- (d) At what time  $t$ , for  $0 \leq t \leq 120$ , is the amount of water in the tank a maximum? Justify your answer.

## 12. 200—AB5

Consider the curve given by  $xy^2 - x^3y = 6$ .

- (a) Show that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3x^2y - y^2}{2xy - x^3}$ .
- (b) Find all points on the curve whose  $x$ -coordinate is 1, and write an equation for the tangent line at each of these points.
- (c) Find the  $x$ -coordinate of each point on the curve where the tangent line is vertical.